Metro North Health Service District

Office Hours: 8:30 am - 4:00 pm

The Prince Charles Hospital Heart & Lung Clinics

Sleep Disorder Patient Referral



Patient Details TPCH UR:		Dr Deanne Curtin Director S.D.C	C. TPCH			
Name: □ Male □ Female □ D.O.B:// Address:		Appointments are prioritised according to medical and occupational urgency (see over) and are usually booked with the next available doctor and appointment. There are no out of pocket expenses for all Private Practice Clinic appointments and subsequent investigations. If you would prefer your patient to be booked for a public, no Medicare billing appointment, please tick box				
Referral Details		Referral Date:/				
☐ New Referral or ☐ On	going Referral	☐ Indefinite				
☐ Patient has had sleep investigations other than at the TPCH: ☐ Diagnostic ☐ CPAP If so, please attach copies of the investigations with this referral						
Patients are undergoing 2 month (Pensioner Concession Card (Access details available online: h	Qld) / Health Care C		am			
☐ Currently on CPAP > Patients ar	e to obtain a recen	t CPAP download for clinic if possi	ble			
Essential Patient Information						
Current occupation:	Work performance or employment risk					
☐ Recent dozy driving / microsleep / MVA						
Please complete the following OS	A50 screening que	stionnaire to assist with prioritisati	on:			
Obesity: Waist Circumference male >102cm, females >88cm Snoring: Has your snoring ever bothered people? If yes, score: 3 Score/10						
Apnoeas: Has anyone noticed that y	ou stop breathing du					
Age: Are you aged 50 years or over	?	2				
Fax or email completed form to: Central Patient Intake	Referring Docto	r Provider No:				
Fax: 1300 364 952	Name:					
Email: MNCPI_Referral@health.qld.gov.au	Postal Address:					
General enquiries: Phone: (07) 3139 4803	Ph: (B)E-mail:					

Category 1 referrals are divided into very urgent (1a) and urgent (1b):

1a Very Urgent (recommended to be seen within 2 weeks)

- Occupational priority patient with MVA (or equivalent work accident) or near miss due to sleepiness within the last 12 months
 - Commercial vehicle licence holder deriving income from this
 - o Heavy machinery operator
 - Public transport operator
- · Patients with daytime hypercapnic respiratory failure where sleep disordered breathing is thought to be a contributor

1b Urgent (recommended to be seen within a month)

- Non-occupational priority patient identified at high risk of (further) MVA/s:
 - Epworth Sleepiness Scale score ≥ 16
 - o Near-miss MVA or MVA secondary to sleepiness in last twelve months
 - o Reported frequent episodes of drowsiness whilst driving
- · Parasomnias with significant injury to patient or partners
- Patients with significant Neuromuscular Disease who have a:
 - Rapidly progressive disorder e.g.: Motor Neurone Disease
 - Have not had respiratory or sleep physician review
- · Patients with unstable cardiovascular disease
- · Patients with overt right, left or bi-ventricular failure

2 Semi-urgent (recommended to be seen within 90 days)

- Patients with documented daytime dysfunction
 - Epworth Sleepiness Scale score 11- 15
 - o Sleepiness related MVA between 1 and 5 years ago
 - Social, vocational or academic performance impairment due to sleepiness
- Where the following sleep disorders are known or suspected
 - Narcolepsy
- Epilepsy where the sleep disorder is thought to be a provoking factor
- Patients who have had a sleep study previously with a total Respiratory Disturbance Index (RDI) > 30 events/hour
- Patients with the following cardiovascular co-morbidities
 - Refractory hypertension
 - o Refractory nocturnal ischemia or arrhythmias
 - Physician diagnosed transient ischaemic attacks (TIAs)/ cerebrovascular accident (CVA)
 - o Pulmonary hypertension
- · Occupational priority patients without the above documented sleepiness related driving (or work equivalent issue)

3 Routine (recommended to be seen within 1 year)

- Patients with stable cardiovascular disease
 - o Ischaemic Heart Disease
 - Systemic hypertension
 - Previous CVA
- Isolated snoring
- Patients with parasomnia without history or injury to self or others
- Patients with stable or slowly progressive neurological disease
- Other patients not classified above
- Other groups to consider for less serious categorization
 - Short term memory or concentration problems
 - Un-refreshing sleep

EDWORTH OF FERNICOS COM F	Situation	Never	Slight	Moderate	High
EPWORTH SLEEPINESS SCALE	Sitting and reading	0	1	2	3
How likely are you to doze off or fall asleep in the situations described in the box below, in contrast to feeling just tired? This refers to your usual way of life in recent times (ie last 4 weeks). Even if you haven't done some of these recently, try to work out how they would have affected you.	Watching TV	0	1	2	3
	Sitting, inactive in a public place (e.g. a theatre or meeting)	0	1	2	3
Use the following scale to circle the most appropriate number for each situation: 0 = Would never doze 1 = Slight chance of dozing 2 = Moderate chance of dozing	As a passenger in a car for 1 hour without a break	0	1	2	3
	Lying down to rest in the afternoon when circumstances permit	0	1	2	3
	Sitting and talking to someone	0	1	2	3
3 = High chance of dozing	Sitting quietly after a lunch without alcohol	0	1	2	3
Score: / 24	In a car, while stopped for a few minutes in the traffic	0	1	2	3